

- 5 In the diagram below, P and Q are points on a circle with centre O .

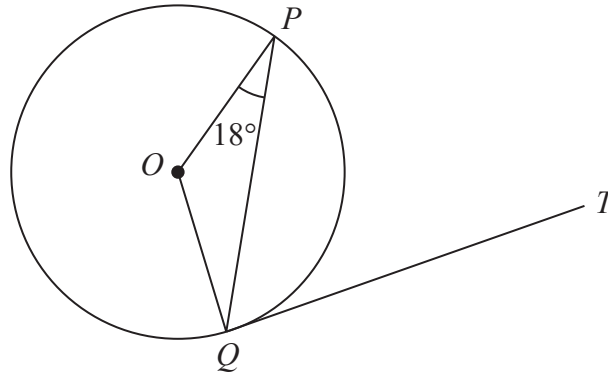


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

QT is a tangent to the circle.
Angle $OPQ = 18^\circ$

Work out the size of angle PQT .
Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 5 is 3 marks)

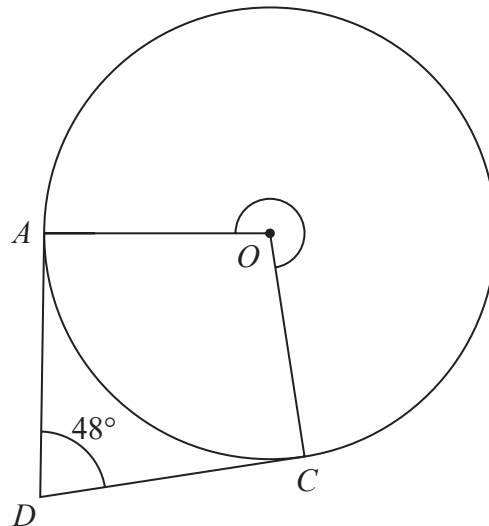
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7

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A and C are points on a circle, centre O

DA is the tangent to the circle at A and DC is the tangent to the circle at C

Angle $ADC = 48^\circ$

Work out the size of reflex angle AOC

(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)



11

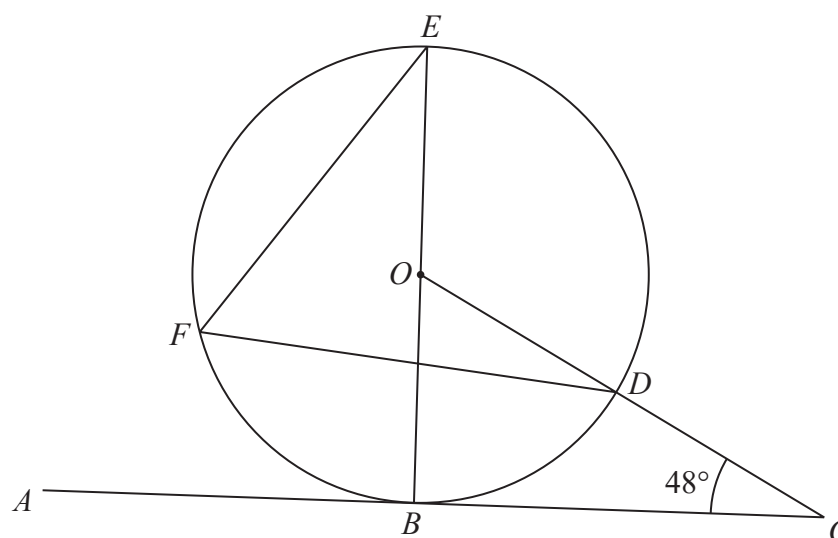


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

B , D , E and F are points on a circle, centre O .
 ABC is a tangent to the circle.
 ODC is a straight line.

BOE is a diameter of the circle.

Angle $BCD = 48^\circ$

Find the size of angle DFE .

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)



12

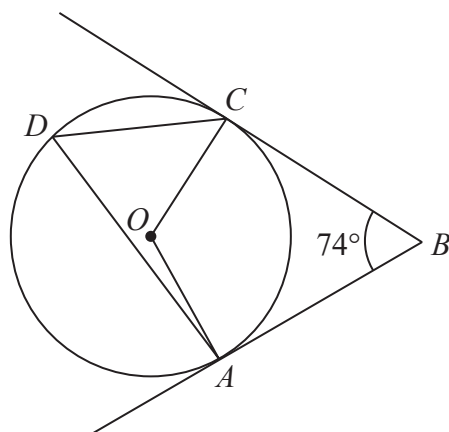


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A , C and D are points on a circle, centre O .
 AB and CB are tangents to the circle.

Angle $ABC = 74^\circ$

Work out the size of angle ADC .
Show your working clearly.

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(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)



13

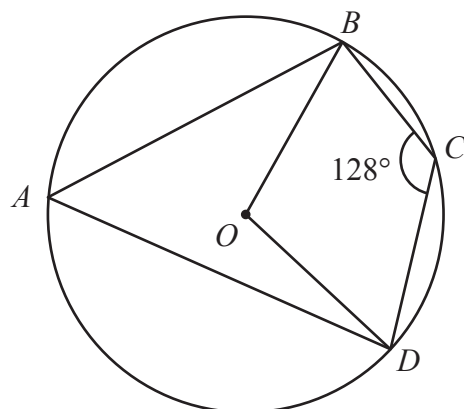


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A , B , C and D are points on a circle, centre O

Angle $BCD = 128^\circ$

Work out the size of angle OBD

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

angle $OBD = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$

(Total for Question 13 is 5 marks)



13

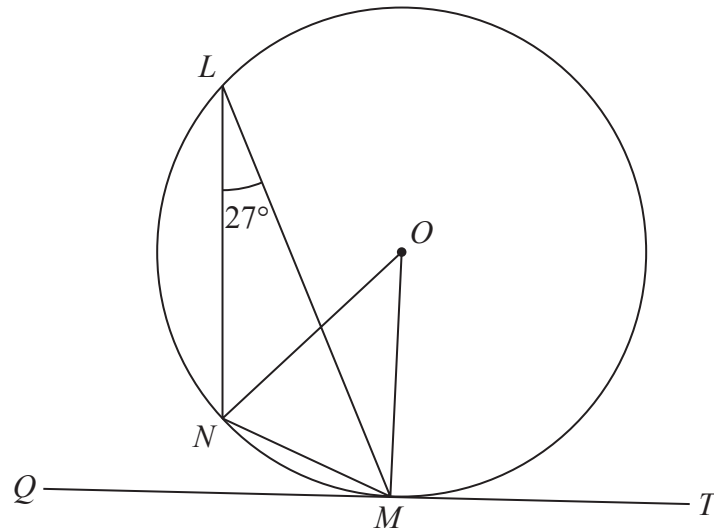


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

L , M and N are points on a circle, centre O .
 QMT is the tangent to the circle at M .

(a) (i) Find the size of angle NOM .

°

(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

(b) (i) Find the size of angle NMQ .

°

(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

(Total for Question 13 is 4 marks)

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13 P, Q, R, S and T are points on a circle with centre O .

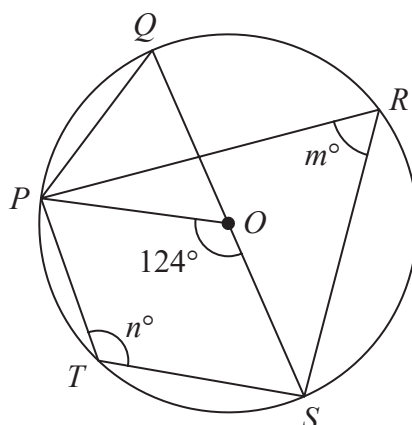


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

QOS is a diameter of the circle.

angle $POS = 124^\circ$ angle $PRS = m^\circ$ angle $PTS = n^\circ$

(a) Find the value of

(i) m

(ii) n

(2)

(b) Find the size of angle QPO .

(1)

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)



13

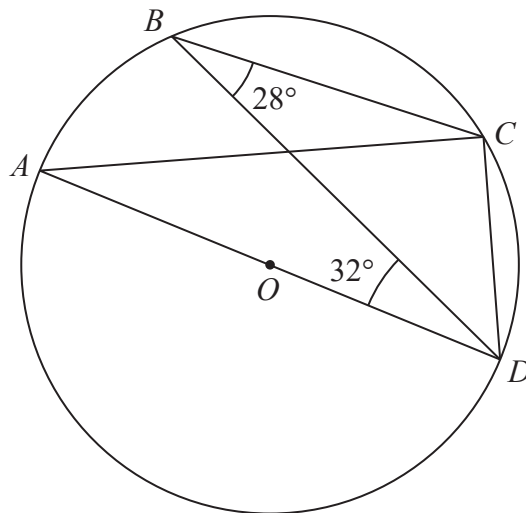


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A , B , C and D are points on a circle, centre O .
 AOD is a diameter of the circle.

Angle $CBD = 28^\circ$

Angle $BDA = 32^\circ$

Find the size of angle BDC .

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 13 is 4 marks)



14

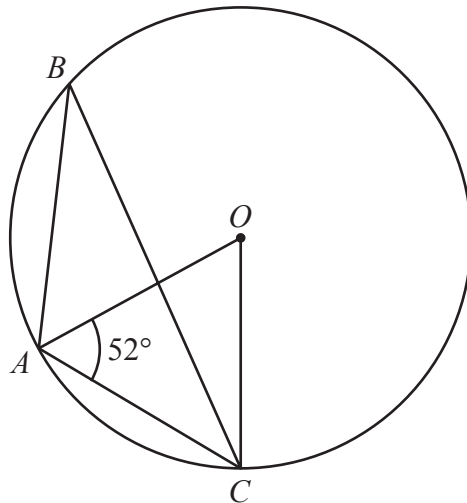


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A , B and C are points on a circle, centre O

Angle $OAC = 52^\circ$

Find the size of angle ABC

Give reasons for your working.

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

- 14 A , B and C are points on a circle, centre O

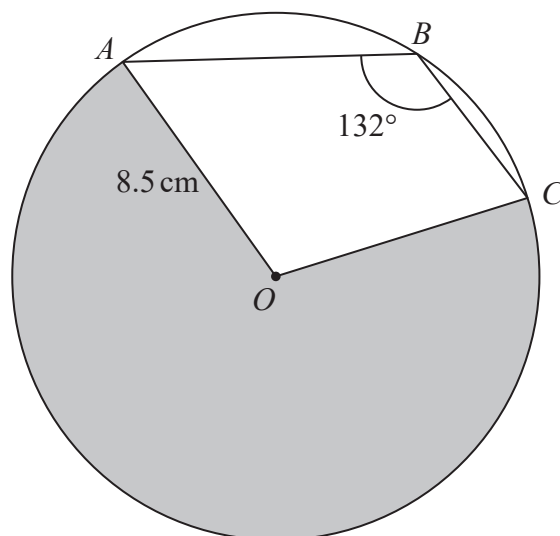


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

The radius of the circle is 8.5 cm
Angle $ABC = 132^\circ$

Work out the perimeter of the shaded sector AOC
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

14

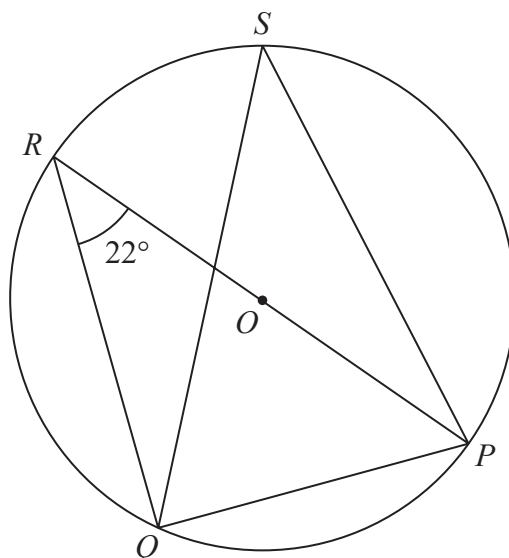


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

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P , Q , R and S are points on a circle, centre O
 ROP is a diameter of the circle.
 Angle $PRQ = 22^\circ$

(a) (i) Find the size of angle RQP

.....
 (1)

(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

.....

 (1)

(b) (i) Find the size of angle PSQ

.....
 (1)

(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

.....

 (1)

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)



14 A, B, C and D are points on a circle, centre O

EBF is the tangent to the circle at B

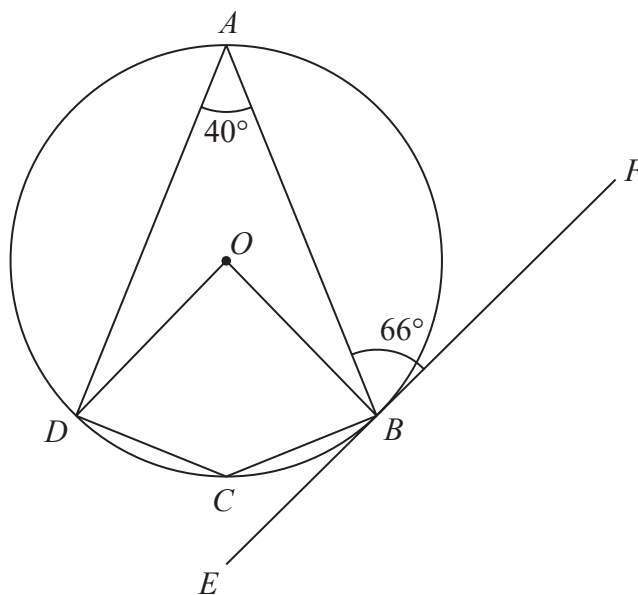


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

(a) (i) Work out the size of angle DCB

.....
(1)

(ii) Give a reason for your answer to (a)(i)

.....
.....
(1)

(b) Work out the size of angle ADO

.....
(3)

(Total for Question 14 is 5 marks)



14

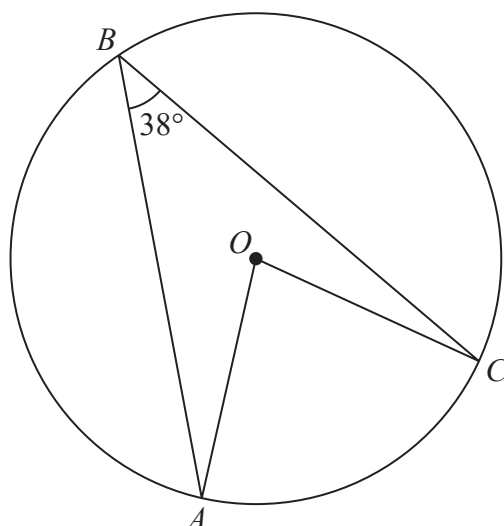


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A , B and C are points on a circle, centre O .
Angle $ABC = 38^\circ$

Work out the size of angle OAC .
Give a reason for each stage of your working.

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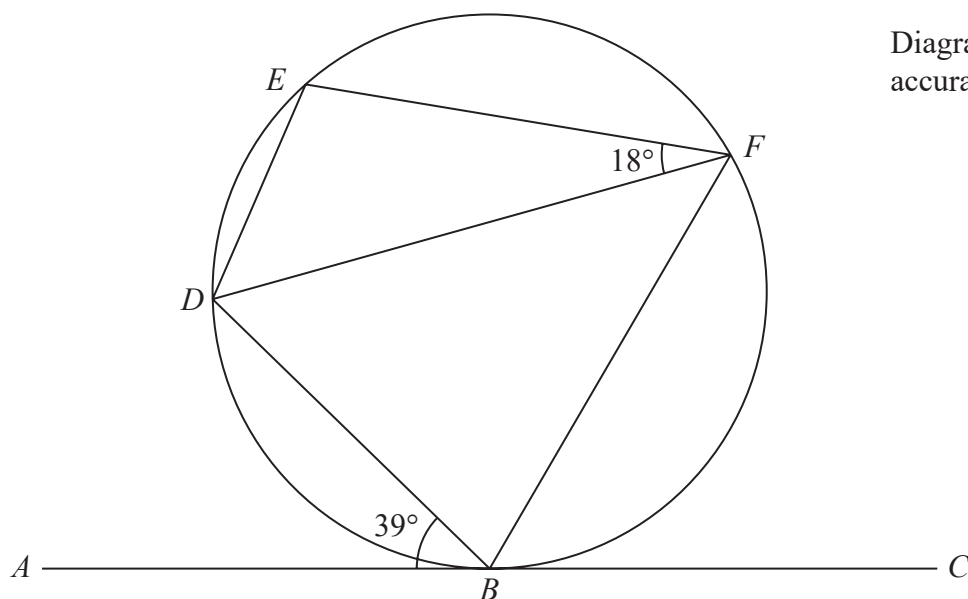
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(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)



14

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

B, D, E and F are points on a circle.

ABC is the tangent at B to the circle.

Angle $ABD = 39^\circ$

Angle $EFD = 18^\circ$

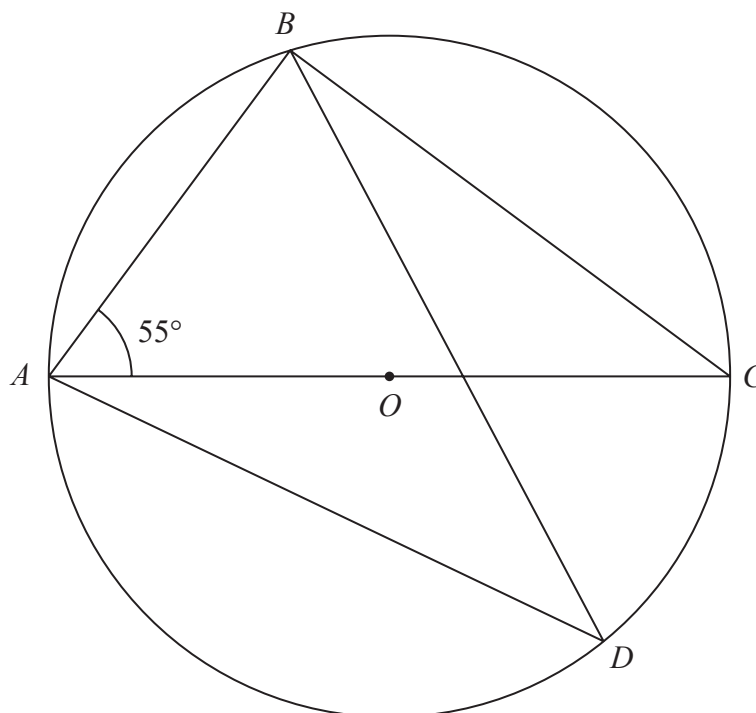
Work out the size of angle BDE .

Give reasons for your working.

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)



14

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A , B , C and D are points on a circle, centre O
 AOC is a diameter of the circle.

Angle $BAC = 55^\circ$

Work out the size of angle ADB
 Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)



15 A, B, C and D are points on a circle, centre O .

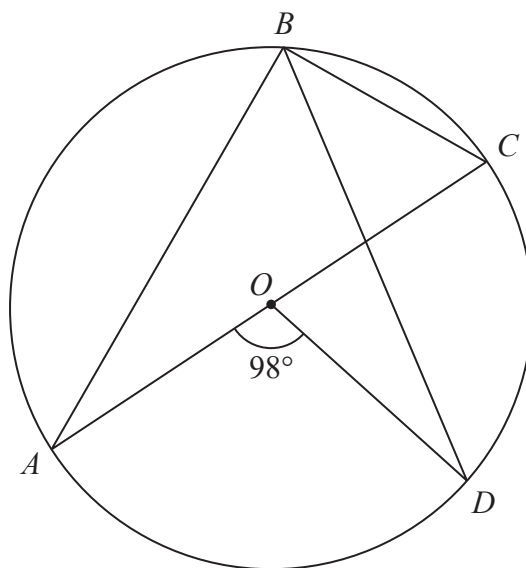


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

AOC is a diameter of the circle.

Angle $AOD = 98^\circ$

Work out the size of angle DBC .

Give a reason for each stage in your working.

(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)



15

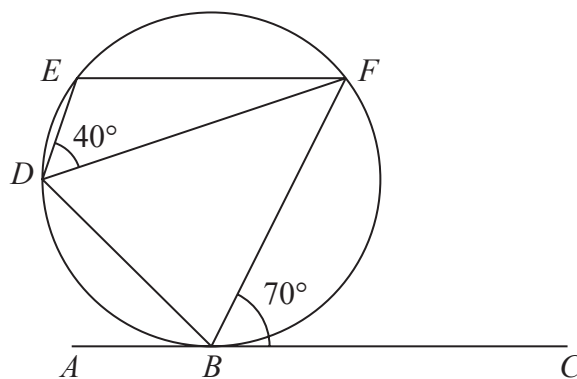


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

B, D, E and F are points on a circle.
 ABC is the tangent to the circle at B .

Angle $EDF = 40^\circ$

Angle $FBC = 70^\circ$

Prove that the tangent ABC is parallel to EF .
Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)



- 15 P , Q and R are points on a circle, centre O .
 TRV is the tangent to the circle at R .

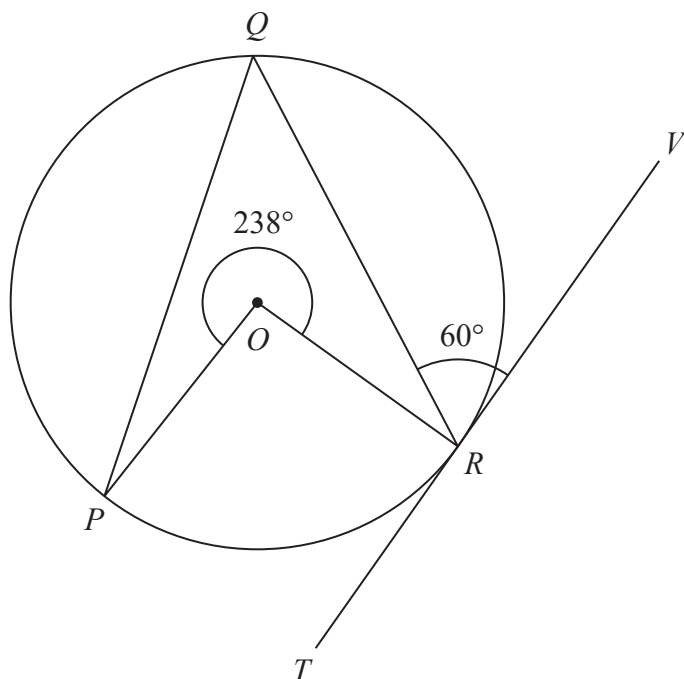


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

Reflex angle $POR = 238^\circ$

Angle $QRV = 60^\circ$

Calculate the size of angle OPQ .

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)



15

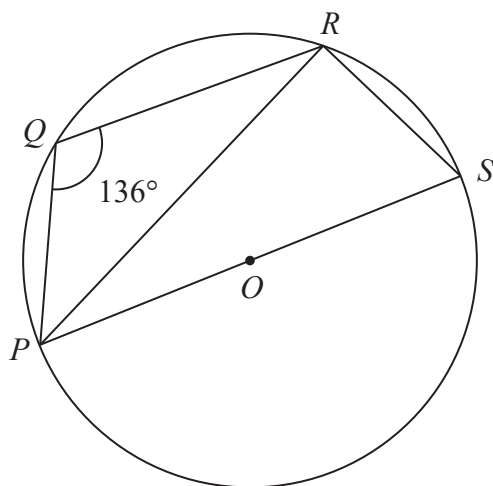


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

P , Q , R and S are points on a circle with centre O

PS is a diameter of the circle.

Angle $PQR = 136^\circ$

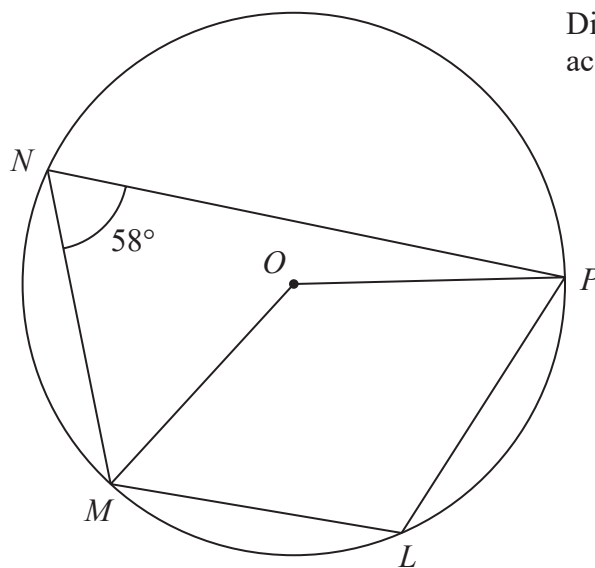
Work out the size of angle RPS

(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)



16

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn



L, M, N and P are points on a circle, centre O

Angle $MNP = 58^\circ$

(a) (i) Find the size of angle MLP

○

(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

(b) Find the size of the reflex angle MOP

○

(2)

(Total for Question 16 is 4 marks)

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16 A, B, C and D are points on a circle, centre O

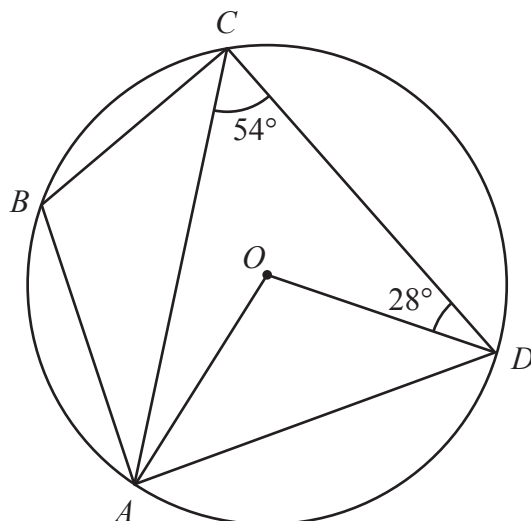


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

(a) (i) Work out the size of angle AOD

(1)

(ii) Give a reason for your answer to part (a)(i)

(1)

(b) Work out the size of angle CAO

(1)

(c) Work out the size of angle ABC

(2)

(Total for Question 16 is 5 marks)



16 D, E, F and G are points on a circle, centre O

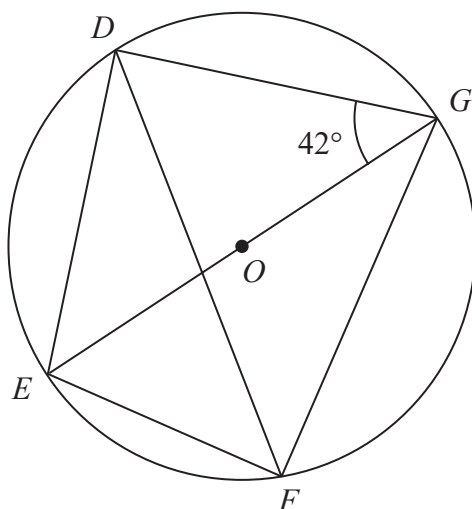


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

EOG is a diameter of the circle.

Angle $EGD = 42^\circ$

Calculate the size of angle DFG

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

Angle $DFG = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$

(Total for Question 16 is 4 marks)



16

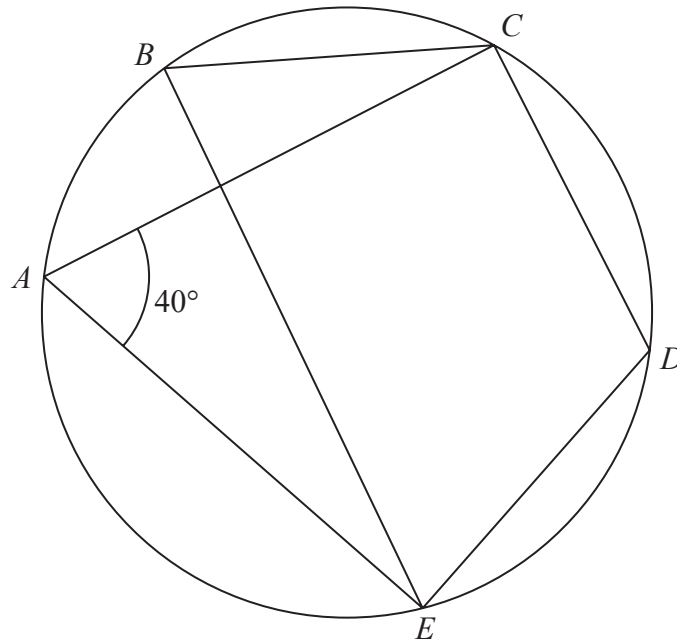


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

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A, B, C, D and E are points on a circle.

Angle $EAC = 40^\circ$

(a) (i) Write down the size of angle EBC .

.....
(1)

(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

.....
(1)

(b) Find the size of angle EDC .

.....
(1)

(Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)



18

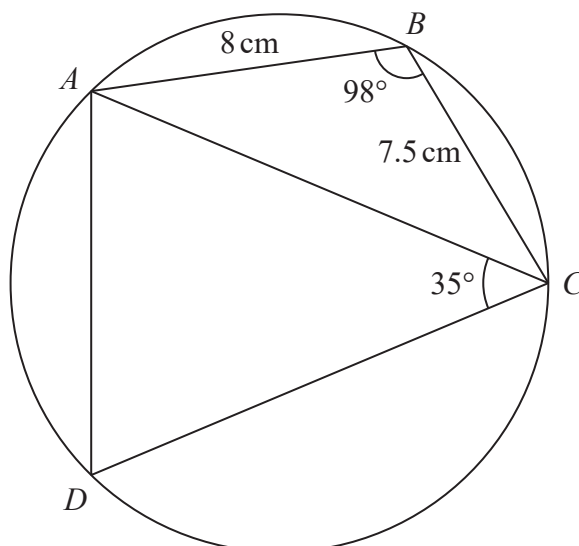


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

$ABCD$ is a quadrilateral where A , B , C and D are points on a circle.

$$AB = 8\text{ cm}$$

$$BC = 7.5\text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Angle } ABC = 98^\circ$$

$$\text{Angle } ACD = 35^\circ$$

Work out the perimeter of quadrilateral $ABCD$.

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

..... cm

(Total for Question 18 is 6 marks)



19

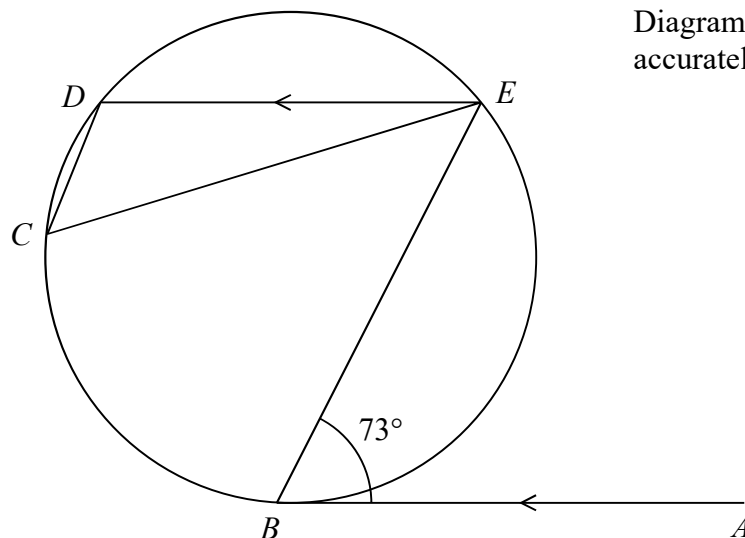


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

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B , C , D and E are points on a circle.

AB is the tangent at B to the circle.

AB is parallel to ED .

Angle $ABE = 73^\circ$

Work out the size of angle DCE .

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 19 is 5 marks)



19

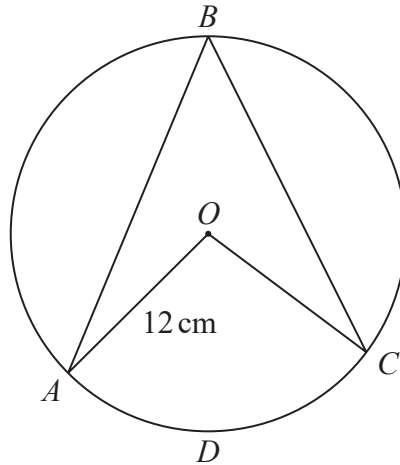


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A , B , C and D are points on a circle with centre O and radius 12 cm.

The area of the sector $OADC$ of the circle is 100 cm^2

Work out the size of angle ABC .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)

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20 A , B and C are points on a circle.

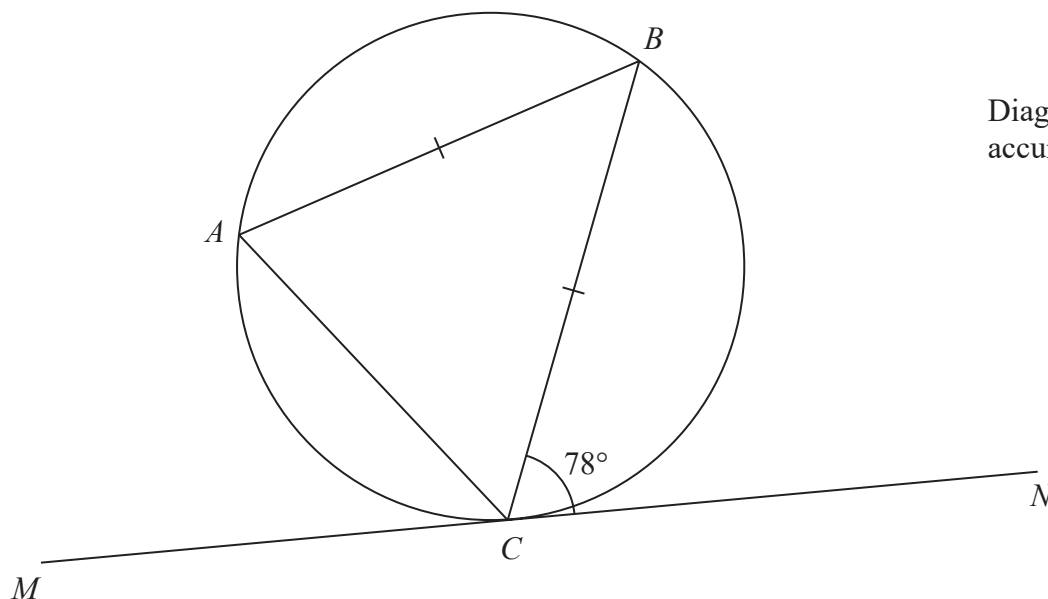


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

MN is the tangent to the circle at C

$AB = CB$

Angle $BCN = 78^\circ$

Find the size of angle ABC

(Total for Question 20 is 2 marks)



20

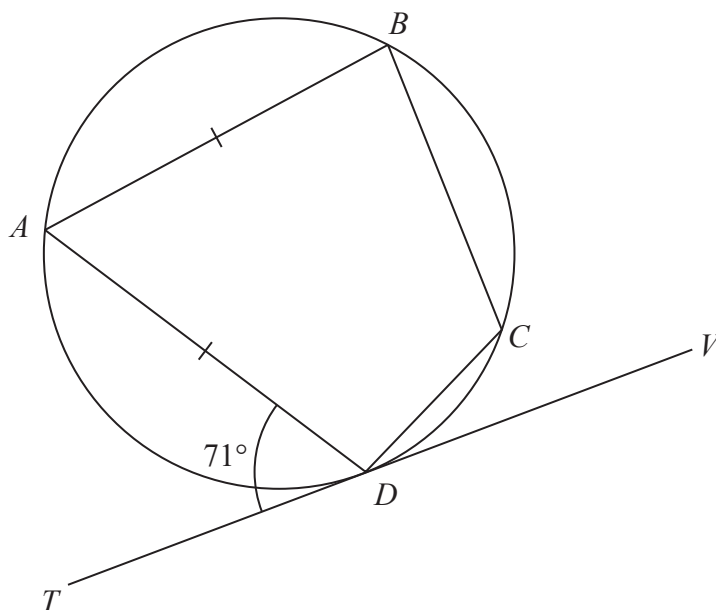


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A , B , C and D are points on a circle.
 TDV is the tangent to the circle at D .

$AB = AD$
 Angle $ADT = 71^\circ$

Work out the size of angle BCD .
 Give a reason for each stage of your working.

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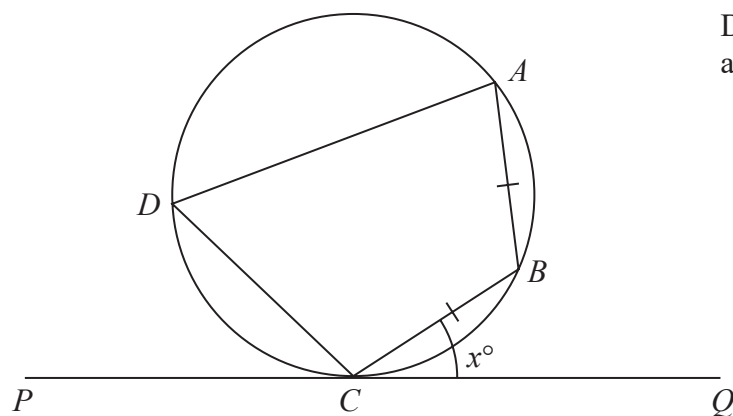
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(Total for Question 20 is 5 marks)



20

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A, B, C and D are points on a circle.
 PCQ is a tangent to the circle.
 $AB = CB$.

Angle $BCQ = x^\circ$

Prove that angle $CDA = 2x^\circ$
 Give reasons for each stage in your working.

(Total for Question 20 is 5 marks)



20 A , B and C are points on a circle with centre O .

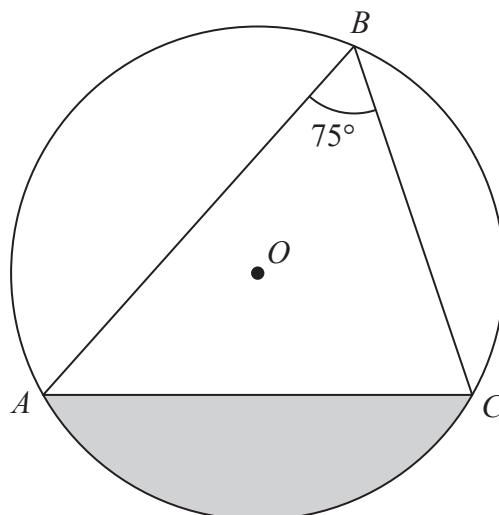


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

Angle $ABC = 75^\circ$

The area of the shaded segment is 200 cm^2

Calculate the radius of the circle.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm

(Total for Question 20 is 5 marks)



23

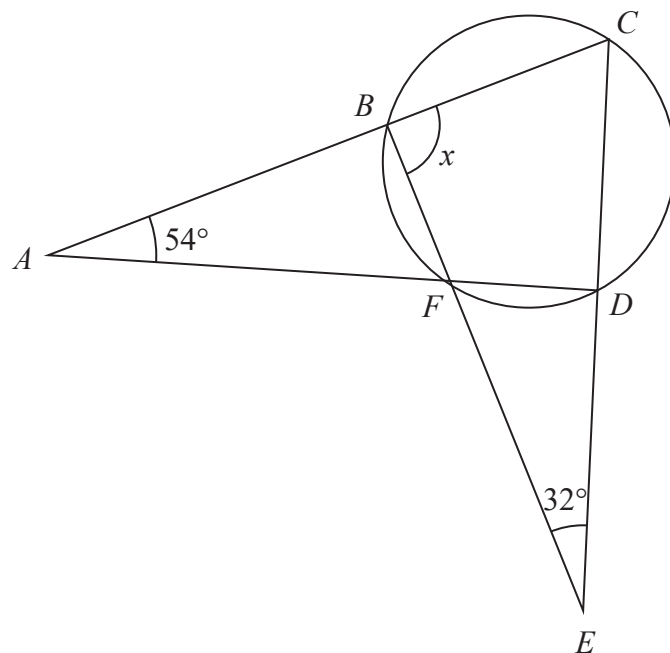


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

B , C , D and F are points on a circle.
 ABC , AFD , BFE and CDE are straight lines.

Work out the size of angle x .
Show your working clearly.

$x = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$

(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)

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